

## Tilburg University

Is migration still demography's stepchild?

van Dalen, Harry

*Published in:*

Demos: Bulletin over Bevolking en Samenleving

*Publication date:*

2018

*Document Version*

Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

[Link to publication in Tilburg University Research Portal](#)

*Citation for published version (APA):*

van Dalen, H. (2018). Is migration still demography's stepchild? *Demos: Bulletin over Bevolking en Samenleving*, 34(5), 8.

### General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

### Take down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

# Is migration still demography's stepchild?

**Migration has in the past been characterized as one of the neglected research areas in demography. Is this still the case today?**

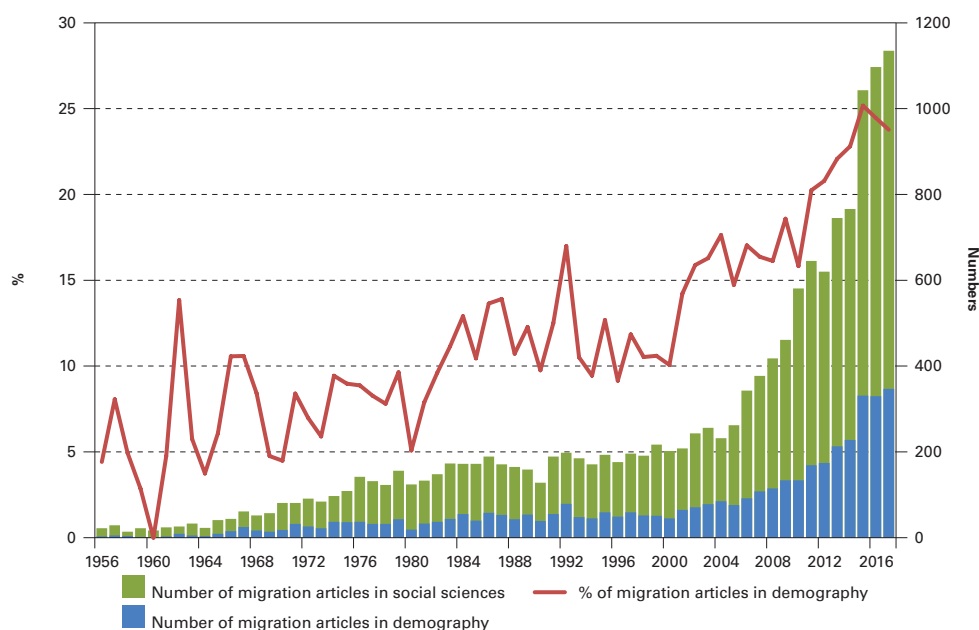
Demography has for long been preoccupied with developments in fertility and mortality and its effects on population size and structure. Demography was more focused on a closed society and in the grand scheme of mathematical demography migration seemed to be a variation on a theme. Or as demographer Dudley Kirk once characterized in 1960 the status of (internal) migration research: migration is “the stepchild of demography”. But how have migration researchers fared in the recent past? Is migration research a booming industry or does it still take a backseat in demography? To seek an answer to these questions one can consult the Web of Science to track development of research over time. The figure below presents the number of scientific articles over the period 1956-2017 of which the title contained phrases concerning migration and/or integration/assimilation. As migration is a topic studied in various social sciences, I have searched for articles within the discipline of demography as well as in the contiguous social sciences that have shown an interest in migration: history, economics, sociology and geography.

The number of articles on migration has exploded over time: in the 1950s and early 1960s, the annual number of migration and integration articles in demography journals varied between zero and nine, but the last couple of years approximately 330 articles appear year-

ly. As a percentage of all demography articles, migration had a share of five to ten percent and now it is approaching 25 percent. Taking a broader view of the stage for migration ideas and counting the number of articles appearing in the social sciences one can also see a strong increase starting around 2004. In 2017, 1,135 migration articles appeared in the social sciences. The corresponding share of migration articles (not shown in the figure) rose from one percent to around two percent today. An important determinant of this large increase is of course the strong growth in the number of journal outlets over time. The addition of specialized and relatively young journals in the Web of Science like *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies* (established 1998) and *Population, Space and Place* (established in 1999) are in large part responsible for the growth spurt within demography in this century. Overall, with such a production of articles and such a large share within demography one can no longer make the claim that migration is the stepchild of demography.

However, when it comes to the *most influential* articles within migration the top ten articles predominantly come from outside demography: six from top economics journals, three from demography journals and one from a top sociology journal. The most influential article with 1,894 citations is the classic pa-

Number of articles on migration and integration in demography and within the social sciences\*, and the share of those articles within demography, 1956-2017



\* Source: Web of Science, based on title of articles, which contain one of the words immigration, migration, emigration, migrant(s), emigrate or immigrate, assimilation and integration. Search within the social science disciplines Demography, History, Economics, Sociology and Geography as well as solely within Demography as categorized by the Web of Science.

DEMOS is published ten times a year, normally in Dutch, with the aim of promoting knowledge and awareness of population issues. Inquiries about manuscripts for DEMOS can be addressed to the Editorial Committee.



Material from this publication may be reproduced freely, provided that credit is given to DEMOS, NIDI and a copy of the publication in which the material appears is forwarded to NIDI. The people depicted in the pictures do not appear in the text and have no relation to the contents of the text.

NIDI is an institute of the Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (KNAW) and is affiliated with the University of Groningen (RUG). NIDI conducts scientific research on population issues.

## colofon

DEMOS	is a publication of the Netherlands Interdisciplinary Demographic Institute (NIDI).
Editorial	Harry van Dalen, editor-in-chief Nico van Nimwegen, editor Peter Ekamper, (web)editor Jaap Oude Mulders, editor Fanny Janssen (RUG), editor
Address	NIDI/DEMOS P.O. Box 11650 NL-2502 AR The Hague The Netherlands ++ 31 70 356 52 00 demos@nidi.nl demos.nidi.nl / www.nidi.nl
Telephone	
E-mail	
Internet	
Printed by	Royal Van der Most
Layout/DTP	www.up-score.nl

per by Harris and Todaro on ‘Migration, Unemployment and Development’ in the *American Economic Review* (1970). A different and related question is: who are the big producers of migration ideas? When we turn to the top-5 of *most productive* migration researchers (in terms of articles) in the social sciences one comes across familiar names within the community of demographers: (1) Douglas Massey; (2) Oded Stark; (3) Michael Greenwood; (4) Russell King, and (5) Andrei Rogers. Except maybe for Oded Stark, all these scientists have dual allegiances: they study migration with one foot in demography and another foot in a contiguous discipline, like geography, economics, or sociology. Perhaps there is a lesson here for aspiring migration researchers.

**Harry van Dalen**, NIDI and Tilburg University, email: dalen@nidi.nl

### LITERATURE:

- Kirk, D. (1960), Some reflections on American demography in the nineteen sixties, *Population Index*, 26(4), 305-310.
- Van Dalen, H.P., & K. Henkens (2012), What is on a demographer's mind – A worldwide survey, *Demographic Research*, 26, 363-408.